

CLAIMS

1. A method of diagnosing transformation of a cell,
comprising determining whether p21 is:
 - a) complexed with a cyclin kinase, a cyclin, or
5 both, or
 - b) not complexed with a cyclin kinase, a cyclin, or
both,
wherein if p21 is not complexed with a cyclin kinase,
a cyclin, or both, it is indicative of transformation
10 of the cell.
2. A method of Claim 1, wherein an antibody is used to
determine whether or not p21 is complexed with a
cyclin kinase, a cyclin, or both.
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3. A method of Claim 1, wherein the cyclin is a D-type
cyclin or an A-type cyclin and the cyclin kinase is
CDK4.
- 20 4. A method of diagnosing transformation of a cell,
comprising determining whether p16 is
 - a) complexed with a cyclin kinase, or
 - b) not complexed with a cyclin kinase,
wherein if p16 is complexed with a cyclin kinase, it
25 is indicative of transformation of the cell.
5. A method of Claim 4, wherein an antibody is used to
determine whether or not p16 is complexed with a
cyclin kinase.
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6. A method of Claim 4, wherein the cyclin kinase is
CDK4.

7. A method of diagnosing transformation of a cell,
comprising determining whether p19 is
 - a) complexed with a cyclin, or
 - b) not complexed with a cyclin, wherein is p19 is
- 5 complexed with a cyclin, it is indicative of
transformation of the cell.
8. A method of Claim 7, wherein an antibody is used to
determine whether or not p19 is complexed with a
- 10 cyclin.
9. A method of Claim 7, wherein the cyclin is cyclin A.